GOV. FLOWER TO PRESIDE. TO BE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN AT

INDIANAPOLIS. It Is Announced that Porty-one States Will Be Represented at the Third Ticket Convention-Vilas Is Still Talked of as the Nomines-Harrison's Speech Liked. NULANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 28,-Ex-Gov. Flower New York will be temporary Chairman of the

National Democratic Convention which will ouvene on next Wednesday at noon to place a ound-money national ticket in the field. Bourke Cockran, who might have had the onor, has not given any word of encouragement to the committee, and there is no likelihood that he will be present. The forecasting as to candidates to-day has not shown any change from the situation of yeserday. Senator Vilas is still talked of by delegates writing from other States than Wisconsin. His influence will be undoubtedly thrown to Gen. Bragg. There is no deviation from the expectation that Simon Bolivar Buckner, who furnishes to history a background to the glow of Grant's Committee is wrestling with the problem of how

first military glory, will be made second on the icket. His friends are coming from his State in large numbers, and to-day the Executive to provide for Kentucky as many tickets to the Convention as the delegation wants. Missouri has instructed for Vilas, and L. C. Krauthoff, National Committeeman from that State, who has arrived, said to-day that he thought Missouri delegation would come in special train to been the Senator. a special train to been the Secasor. Krauthoff comes to assist Chairman Bynum in the further preparations for the Convention. The rush for quarters in the last three days has been such that the managers are looking about to secure accommodations.

to secure accommodations.

It is announced to-day that forty-one States will be represented, and while those at a distance, like California and Florida, may not have a full delegation, there will be hundreds of anti-silver Democrate from the ranks to fill up the deficiency,
tien, Harrison's New York speech was generally talked of to-day on the streets and in offices. The comment is that it will do much to overcome the silver sentiment both among Reong Democrats.

GREATER NEW YORK'S SCHOOLS The Provisions of the Proposed New Charter Relating to Them.

Chapters of the proposed Greater New York charter relating to the Board of Education, the Department of Taxes and Assessments, and the Board of Estimate and Apportionment were made public yesterday. The provisions for the public school system of the enlarged municipality are based upon those of the Pavey-Page law enacted last winter. A Board of Education consisting of forty-two Commissioners is provided for. The members of the present Board of twenty-one Commissioners are to remain in office until the expiration of their respective terms, and twenty-one more are to be appointed by the Mayor from the territory consolidated with the present city of New York. Seven of these are to serve one year from Jan. 1, 1898, seven for two years, and seven for three. As the terms expire fourteen members of the Board are to be appointed each year for a term of three years. No Commissioner may hold any office of emolument under the city, county, State, or national Government, except offices of notary public. commissioner of deeds, or in the National

A city superintendent and as many assistant superintendents as may be necessary are to be appointed by the Board of Education, and these are to constitute the Board of Superintendents, with the same powers as the present Board. All

are to constitute the Board of Superintendents, with the same powers as the present Board. All principals and other teachers under the public school systems of New York and Brooklyn in office at the passage of the act are to continue in their places, subject only to removal as provided by law, except that teachers in the evening schools and evening high schools may be discharged whenever their services are no longer required. All other employees under the public school system in the two cities are to retain their places subject to the pleasure of the Board of Education. No provision is made for the retention of teachers or employees under the systems of the other communities in the conscitated territory.

The Board of Education is directed to establish a nautical school for education in the science and practice of navigation. It may cause the pupils of this school to go on board vessels in and from the harbor for the purpose of obtaining a practical knowledge in navigation and of the duties of mariners, and the Board is authorized to apply to the United States Government for the requisite use of vessels and applies for this purpose. The Board is to appoint annually three or more of their number as an Executive Committee for the management of the nautical school. The Chamber of Commerce is authorized to appoint a committee to serve as a council of the nautical school and to cooperate with the Hoard of Education in its establishment and management, to visit and examine it, and to report such recommendations as it may deem advisable.

There is to be but one Commissioner of Taxes and Assessments, instead of three as at present. He is to appoint a Hoard of three as at present. He is to appoint a Hoard of three as at present.

There is to be but one Commissioner of Taxes and Assessments, instead of three as at present. He is to appoint a Hoard of Assessors, so selected that each section of the city shall be appropriately represented. The number of assessors is not to exceed forty, unless a larger number shall be found necessary and shall be authorized by the Municipal Assembly. There are only four assessors now, and the disproportionate increase is due probably to the decrease in the number of Commissioners. For the same reason the proposed charter establishes a new Board consisting of three persons to be appointed by the Commissioner to be called Judges of Appeals who, together, shall hear all objections by property owners or taxpayers to any of the acts of the Board of Assessments which shall be referred to them by the Commissioner. Their report shall be rendered to the Commissioner and shall not take effect in any case except with his approval.

At present the grievances of taxpayers and applications for reductions in their assessments are heard and determined by the Commissioners, and at times all three of the Commissioners, are ket busy for weeks. Under the proposed chatter the Commissioner may hear such cases as his convenience will permit, and may refer others to the judges of appeal.

Separate offices of the Department of Taxes and Assessment are to be maintained in the boroughs of Queens, Richmond, the Bronx, and Brooklyn, which last shall exercise also the duties of the department pertaining to the borough of Williamsburgh. The chief office of the receiver of Taxes is to be in the borough of Bowling Green, with branches in the borough Boards upon the potition of a majority of property owners affected and the approval of the Mayor, local assessments for which local assessments may cause the flagging or repairing of sidewalks, without petition, upon the approval of the Mayor, for which l

JONES'S ADVISORT COMMITTEE. The Popocratic Chairman Calls in On

Chicago, Aug. 28 .- Senator Jones this ever ing appointed the Advisory Committee among the silver advocates and organizations outside the Popocratic party to act as advisers to the Popocratic National Campaign Committee in its general management of the campaign. The following have been asked to

Senators Henry M. Teller of Colorado and Fred T. Dubois of Idaho, representing the silver Republicans; Senator Marion Butler of North Carolina. Chairman of the National Populist Committee, and C. Washburn of Massachusetts, representing the People's party; I. N. Stevens of Colorado, Chairman of the National Silver Party Committee, and George P. Keeney of California, chief organizer of the Silver party. Sa representatives of that organization.

Benator Jones and these appointments were for the purpose of prompt unity and entire harmony among these various political organizations in the management of the campaign."

Thomas Gorman was sentenced in Specia bessions, vesterday, to eleven months in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of \$250 for assaulting his mother. Apole Mary. He will have to sorve a day for each dollar of the fine, if he cannot pay it, in addition to the cleven

Boy Killed by a Trolley Car.

LONG BRANCH, Aug. 28.-Joseph Dassano, 14 reare old, was among the 5,000 excursionists that witnessed the display of fireworks at lineaure hay to-night. He jumped off one trollery are directly in front of another during the rush and was killed. The motorman was arregated

NEW JERSET'S LAY JUDGES. The Law Aboltohing Them Declared to Be

Constitutional, TRENTON, Aug. 28.-Justice Depue of the Supreme Court to-day filed a memorandum decision affirming the constitutionality of the law passed last winter abolishing the lay Judges in the county courts of the State, and providing for the appointment of a single law Judge to preside in each county in the in-

ferior court. The memorandum reads:
"The act of March 25, 1896, reducing the number of Judges of the inferior court of Common Pleas is constitutional. An opinion will be filed on or before opinion day of the next term of the Supreme Court. This memorandum is filed to give the relator an opportunity to have the case reviewed in the Court of

Errors and Appeals in November next, if he desires to do so.

"If a revision te desired, the court directs pleadings to be filed and an issue made which will present an opportunity for such review; the case, in the present state of the record, not being reviewable.

"The application for mandamus is denied.

being reviewable.

"The application for mandamus is denied. All the Judges concur in this conclusion."

The Judges concur in this conclusion."

The Judges who heard the case were Depue, Gummere, and Van Syckel. The suit was begun by John Kenny, one of the two lay Judges of Hudson county, who asked for a mandamus to compel Judge Hudspeth to recognize him as one of the members of the court. The lay Judges of the State were organized and were behind Judge Kenny, whose case was to be made a test of the constitutionality of the law. Allan L. MeDermott appeared for the Judges and Senator Foster M. Voorhees, the author of the law, and Frank Bergen argued to sustain the law. plication for mandamus is denied.

or the law, and Frank Bergen argued to sustain
the law.

An appeal will be made from the decision.
The lay Judges recently have been criticising
the Supreme Court Judges for failing to make
public the decision so that the Court of Errors
could review the case at the November term.
The law was drawn according to instructions given by Justice Van Syckel in an opinion last year holding to be unconstitutional a
similar law which, while abolishing the lay
Judges, also provided for the election by the
people of the law Judges who were to take
their places. It was held that an elective judiclary could be secured only by amendment of
the constitution.

BILLY WILSON PARDONED.

The President Also Grants a Pardon to ... Bib-Ish-Coo-Ah-Nuh-Quod.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.-The President has pardoned Billy Wilson, alias D. L. Anderson, of New Mexico, who was convicted of passing counterfelt money about fifteen years ago, and escaped from jail pending an appeal. The President writes:
"Since his escape he has established a new

home, and has by his reputable conduct gained the respect and good will of his neighbors, who numerously certify to his character and standing. He was very young when convicted, and developments upon his trial and representations now made to me cause very great doubts in my mind as to his guilt. I am entirely satisfied that the ends of justice will be answered and a desirable citizen saved to society by the act of elemency I have determined on."

The President grants this pardon on condition that the convict immediately surrenders himself in court and sends the papers to the Governor of New Mexico to that end. The President in pardoning Dib-Ish-Coo-Ah-

Nuh-Quod, sentenced in Minnesota for assault with intent to kill and now serving six months at hard inbor in White Earth Reservation jail, as well as to pay \$1 fine, endorses the applica-tion as follows:

as well as to pay \$1 fine, endorses the application as follows:

"This convict is an Indian and the son of a
Chippewa chief who has always been friendly
and disposed to lead his tribe in the way of civilization. He earnestly appeals for the pardon
of his son, and the District-Autorney who prosecuted the prisoner recommends such pardon.

"He has only a little over a month of his imprisonment yet to serve, and I am satisfied his
present release will answer the ends of justice,
as well as demonstrate to the members of his
tribe that the Federal authorities are not unmindful of them."

A pardon is also granted to Sam Barnard of

mindful of them."

A pardon is also granted to Sam Barnard of Kentucky for violation of the internal Revenue laws, the offence having been a technical one. The application of Grant Mathis for restoration of citizenship, after serving three years for passing counterfeit money, is denied.

THE LYNCHING OF THE ITALIANS.

The Report of Gov. Foster of Louistans Received at the State Bepartment.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28 .- The report of Gov. Foster of Louisiana upon the lynching of three Sicilians charged with murder and confined in the parish fall of Hahnville, St. Charles parish, just below New Orleans, in respect to which Baron Fava, the Italian Ambassador, in the name of his Government, has asked reparation at the State Department. The Governor makes

at the State Department. The Governor makes
the customary reply in such cases that the perpetrators of the deed are unknown to the authorities, who are taking all possible steps in
the matter.
This reply was communicated to Baron Fava,
with an expression of regret on the part of the
United States Government that subjects of the
King of Italy should have been dealt with in
this lawless manner. This apology will probably be followed by an offer of pecuniary compensation, as in the case of the alleged Mafia
murderers shot down in the parish prison of
New Orleans some years ago, and the killing of
three Italian miners at Waisenberg, Col., in
1895. But the artion will probably have to be
postponed as the annual appropriation "to meet
unforeseen emergencies in the diplomatic service," out of which Mr. Hiaine settled for the
Mafia incident, is very nearly exhausted. Mana incident, is very nearly exhausted.

THE PAY OF AMERICAN SEAMEN. Congress Has Provided that They Shall Be Paid in Gold or Its Equivalent,

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—Concerning the press reports that the United States Shipping Commissioner at Port Townsend is inserting in the shipping articles of American vessels bound foreign a clause that wages of seamen may be paid in silver, Navigating Commissioner Chamberlain says:

"The report is doubtless a mistake, for such action would be clearly illegal. In 1873, the year of the alleged 'crime' against sliver, Conyear of the alleged 'crime' against sliver, Congress took cars to protect the wages of American seamen in foreign trade against reduction through a depreciated money standard, foreign or domestic, by providing that such wages in a foreign port 'shall be paid in gold or its equivalent without any deduction whatever, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding.' The law is section 4.548 of the Revised Statutes. Until that section has been repeated American seamen in foreign ports cannot suffer from cheap dollars, even if the country be forced to a silver or paper currency." silver or paper currency.'

HIS LEG MANGLED BY A HORSE CAR. A Newsboy Perhaps Mortally Injured While Trying to Sell a Paper,

George Ganaway, 15 years old, of 131 West Thirty-third street, a colored newsboy, ran alongside of an east-bound car of the Thirtyfourth street cross-town line last evening endeavoring to sell his papers to the passengers aboard. As he was banding a paper through one of the windows, when near Fifth avenue, he stumbled, fell, and rolled under the wheels of

the car.

His right leg was badly mangled. While the injured boy was lying on the sidewalk, awaiting the arrival of an ambulance, his mother, who was passing by, joined the crowd that had gathered. She did not know that her son had been injured, and, when they told her of the accident, she became frantic with grief. It required the combined efforts of three policements restrain her from following her son into the architance.

ambulance.

James Reilly, the driver of the car, was arrested and locked up in the West Thirtieth street station. At the New York Hospital it was said that Ganaway would probably die.

CORDAGE COMPANY'S TROUBLES. Receiver Young Asks Certain Stockholders for an Accounting.

TRENTON, Aug. 28 .- The bill of complaint in the suit of Edward F. C. Young of Jersey City, receiver of the National Cordage Company, against Willard P. Whitlock and others, was filed in the chancery office to-day. The chief stockolders, according to the bill, are Willard P. Whitlock of Elizabeth, N. J., and Robert T. Spencer, Walter Palmer, and Wilf. Miller, all of Brooklyn. The value property of the company is placed at

of the property of the company is placed at \$18.000.000.
The bill charges that Whitlock and Elijah M. Fulton collected \$378.495 on insurance policies on the property of the company destroyed by fire, and converted the money to their own use, and have refused to make an accounting of it to the company, although repeatedly urged to do so. It is further charged that dividends were fraudulently declared, after an increase of stock, and that more than \$100.000 were thus paid, although the company had lost heavily instead of making a profit.

The bill asks that an accounting be made to the receiver for the moneys alleged to be fraudulently withheld.

500 MEN LANDED IN CUBA.

LIEUT, ALVARED IN BOSTON AFIER

A SUCCESSFUL EXPEDITION. He Says Weyler's Troops Are All Boys and that the Insurgents Have Fifty New York Sharpshoters Awaiting a Chance to Get Aim at the Commander.

Boston, Aug. 28.-Lieut. Alvared of Gen. Maceo's forces has just arrived in this city, after an exciting trip to Cubs. In an interview shortly after he landed he said that he left this port July 18 in command of the steamer J. T. Hartway, on board of which were 500 ablebodied recruits, half of whom were Americans, natives of this State, and the remainder Cu-

The majority of these men were sharpshooters, who could be depended upon to fight to the bitter end for Cuban liberty. In addition to the recruits the Hartway carried 500 dynamite bombs, 1,000 rifles, and provisions for three months. Both men and ammunition were safely landed at Bartmer. The Hartway left for this port on her return

trip on Aug. 4, and when four days out sprung a leak at 10:30 o'clock at night and sank. The crew were picked up by a fishing schooner. Lieut. Alvared expects to be successful in landing another body of recruits shortly. He believes that the struggle for Cuban freedom

will be ended before the cold weather sets in.

It is true that Maceo has only 8,000 or 9,000

will be ended before the cold weather sets in. It is true that Maceo has only 8,000 or 9,000 men with which to oppose the 40,000 troops of Gen. Weyler. But the Lieutenant declares that the 40,000 are almost boys.

There are very few men among the Spanish forces, adults having failen victims to the yellow fever and other diseases in overwhelming numbers. Every shipload of Spanish troops which is landed at Havana consists almost altogether of schoolboys, most of whom are, because of starvation and disease, unable to handle a musket.

Gen. Weyler, too, is placed at a great disadvantage. He has to accept the reports of his subordinates, and dares not investigate anything for himself. He keeps himself within the walls of the castle, and does not even venture within the enclosures of the barracks.

The insurgents have fifty men, all from the State of New York, and all sharpshooters, who are expected, Alvared says, to devote themselves to securing an opportunity to get a shot at Weyler. Weyler knews this, Alvared says, and by way of revenige he orders his soldiers to assault all women and little girls. It is impossible, Alvared declares, even to hint at the atroctites reported, committed, it is supposed, by order of the Spanish General.

A month ago he discovered a Cuban newspaper in the pocket of an American named Charles Churchill of Pennsylvania. By Weyler's command Churchill was wrapped in an American sea Captains were witnesses of this, the Lieutenant says:

The Spanish soldiers, the Lieutenant said, shoot little cultivant of the sea of the sea of the sea of the sea of the start of the sea of the start of the sea of the sea

tenant says:

The Spanish soldiers, the Lieutenant said, shoot little entideren just for a pastime. If a prisoner is not killed at the first fire, he is buried alive, according to the Lieutenant's statement, as the Spanish do not waste ammunition by firing twice at a victim.

MEN AND ARMS LANDED IN CUBA. Three More Expeditions Have Beached the

Yesterday was a great day for the Cubans in New York. It was officially announced that within the last ten days three expeditions had safely landed men and ammunition for the patriot army at different places on the island, and many of the most prominent members of the Cuban colony congregated at the Delega-tion to congratulate senor Estrada Palma upon

his success.

The war material taken to Cuba by these expeditions consists of four thousand rifles, 1,900,000 cartridges, 3 cannon, 1,400 macheres, 1,000 pounds of dynamite, clothing, medicines, & Rafael Cabrera, a distinguished lawyer and proprietor of Cientuegos, who took an active part in the ten years' war, was in charge of one of the expeditions.

The feeling prevailing among the Cubans is of the expeditions.

The feeling prevailing among the Cubans is that with these reenforcements the patriot army is much better equipped, and that no apprehension need be felt because of Spain's tremendous preparations for the coming winter campaign.

AFFAIRS IN CUBA.

Confusion of Names Leads to Paise Reports of Patriots' Beaths,

HAVANA, Aug. 22.-The patriot Col. Enrique del Junco has not been killed, as reported by the Spanish authorities. A man named Juan Manuel Junco was severely wounded during the attack upon a train near Jaguey Grande, and this gave rise to the false news of the brilliant Cuban Colonel's death. Clotilde Garcia, another patriot chief sup-

posed to be dead, is also alive. San Antonio de los Baños reports 300 patriots in the military hospital. Eighty-five deaths oc-curred in Sagua from Aug. 1 to 15, most of them

from yellow fever.

The Matrid currespondent of La Union Constitutional telegraphs that Señor Sagasta declared yesterday that the insurrection must be broken down before the next Presidential election in the United States.

Referring to the announced laste of paper money. La Lucha says that the commercial classes are annious to know the definite provise anxious to know the definite provis lons of the decree ordering the compulsory cir-culation of the new bank notes.

SPANISH CONVOY ATTACKED.

Re-enforcements Eanble the Spaniards to

HAVANA, Aug. 28.-A report has been received here of an attack by insurgents upon a convoy of Spanish troops near Vinales. The Spanlards made a stout resistance, holding off the rebels until the arrival of aid, when the attacking force was repulsed. Further Spanish reënforcements arriving, the insurgents were compelled to abandon the attack and disperse. The Spanish lost six men kiled and eighteen wounded, including one Lieutenant. Four of the rebels were killed and many wounded.

Gen. Roloff Lands Arms at Cuba.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Aug. 28.-It is announced here that Gen. Carlos Roloff has succeeded in landing an important expedition, divided into three sections, on the Cuban coast, and in for-warding the men and supplies to insurgent camps. Gen. Roloff will return to New York. Several refugees who arrived here in open boats brought the news of his success.

Weyler's Decree Porcing Paper Circulation Promuigated.

HAVANA, Aug. 28 .- The Official Gazette prints the decree of Captain-General Weyler for the enforcing of the circulation of paper money on a par with gold, except in payment of customs dues. The refusal on the part of any person so to accept paper is punishable by military pen-

TWO LITTLE GIRLS INJURED.

A Heavy Box Falls from a Wagon Around Which They Were Playing.

A heavy dry goods box yesterday fell from a wagon on Mary Warner and Mary Goldflam, both 8 years old and living at 98 Division street. The first was injured about the body and her right leg was broken in two places, while the second sustained a severe cut on the lip and a probable fracture of the skull.

The wagon was driven by David Cohen of 58 Division street. He had a big load of boxes, and was on his way to the stable. He stopped in front of 4 Forsyth street to get his supper in a restaurant. While he was inside the two children began playing around the wagon.

The rope which held the boxes in position slipped, and one of the heavy boxes fell on the children. Mary Warner was pinned under the case and when the box was lifted off she was unconscious. She was removed to Gouverneur Hospital. The other girl was taken home by her parents. Cohen was arrested and locked up in the Eldridge street station house. The first was injured about the body and her

A Child Burned at a Boufire.

PATERSON, Aug. 28,-While playing about a confire this afternoon Fannie Saterlee, aged four, of 23 East Eighteenth street, was probably fatally burned and is now at home in a critical condition. She and her six-year-old brother had built the fire, and while they were playing about it her dress ignited. Her brother endeavored to extinguish the flames and was burned about the hands.

The Atalanta at New London.

New London, Aug. 28 .- George Gould's yacht Atalanta is at New London, on her way to New York from Bar Harbor, Mrs. Gould and the toridren are aboard. It was Commodore Gould's intention to go to Halifax after the cruise of the Atlantic Yacht Club, but, as the trip prom-ised to be a severe one for the children, the Atlanta went only as far as Har Harbor.

The Terror Tests Her Guns. The United States monitor Terror, which went to sea yesterday morning for the purpose of testing the pneumatic appliances of her guns and carriages, returned to her anchorage in the lower bay last evening. She signalled when passing in that she had fired four rounds from her guns, the last one with full powder charge. The result was excellent, NEGRO SONGS IN ENGLAND.

Eugene Stratton Save They Are Wonder-ini to Hear-Ris Experience with Li, Eugene Stratton, an American performer who ins been for the past fifteen years a popular delineator of negro character in the London music halls, arrived in this city yesterday to commence an engagement on Sept. 1 at Koster & The first time that this city had ever heard of Mr. Stratton was two years ago, when Cissy Loftus imitated him before an audience who had no idea what his specialties were and could discover no indication of their purpose in Miss Loftus's performance. Now Mr. Stratton comes over himself to clear up the matter.

He is an American who went to London with one of the old Haverly minstrel companies in 1879, and for a long time he remained with the Moore-Burgess company. Then he because a music-hall performer, and is now one of the best known in London. "The average negro on the English stage.

Mr. Stratton said yesterday, "aings with either a Scotch or cockney accent, and it would amuse an American to hear him. They sing songs about "Way down South in Michigan," and the about "Way down South in Michigan,' and the average burlesque of an English negro song is not exaggerated. But the English audience can still enjoy, more than they do the imitation, any performance that shows the real humor and sentiment of the negro, and I don't think that I have lost that during all my long stay in English audiences particularly appreciate songs which express the sentiment of the negro character, and that is the form that most of them take at present. The popularity of these songs is shown by the fact that they have been incorporated in the musical plays that are the vogue in London now, and I take a little credit to myself for having made the sentimental negro song popular in London, not in the English, but the genuine American, form. The negro songs in England, though, would amaze an American. I had a chorus of boys sing once with me in Glasgow, and they went through a time in negro dialect with a Scotch burr that made my head swim. But it was all right there. None of the audience noticed the difference."

Mr. Stratton was a fellow passenger of Li Hung Chang, and like the others on the vessel mate his acquaintance on the trip.

"I'm afraid he doesn't think much of actors."
Mr. Stratton safd, "judging from my experience with him. I spoke to him, and he asked through his interpreter what my business was, the question he put to nearly everybody who spoke to him. I explained as well as I could to the interpreter, and he toid ii. He turned his head away immediately, and I moved away. He evidently had no use for actors."

Mr. Stratton is one of the sons-in-taw of Pony Moore, and a brother-in-law of Charley Mitchell, the English pugilist. average burlesque of an English negro song is

DANIEL FROHMAN'S NEW PLAYS

Those for the Lyceum All by English Au thors New Members of the Company. Daniel Frohman, the manager of the Lyceum Theatre and a partner in many of the Frohman enterprises, reached New York yesterday on the St. Louis and announced his programme for the present season. Mr. Frohman has been in England since early in June, and the productions scheduled for his theatre are exclusively

the work of English dramatists. "The season of the stock company will open on Nov. 23," Mr. Frohman said, "and the plays presented first will be by Edward E. Rose, one Jerome K. Jerome, and Louis V. Parker. The play by Mr. Parker deals with the Pilgrim fathers and the voyage of the May flower. Mr. Jerome and Mr. Rose will have their plays ready for later production, and I have also works by American dramatists which may be acted later in the season. The I have also works by American dramatists which may be acted later in the season. The company remains practically the same as last y ar. The new members are Felix Morris, Ernet Hastings, Frank R. Mills, Joseph Wheelock, Jr., Marie D. Shotwell, and Jessie Mackaye. The pieces by Mr. Rose and Mr. Parker are 'costume' or romantle dramas of an older period. Olga Nethersole will act in a new play called 'My Lady Virtus,' written by H. V. Esmond, and will containe to act Comille and Garmen with other pieces in her reportors. Her company will be chiefly American, with the exception of a few English actors who will come to this country with her. The only American so far engaged for her company is Nathaniel Hartwig. Miss Irving remains the leading lady of the Lyceum stock company, and the roles which formerly fell to Mr. Kelsey will be distributed among different actors. Mr. Morris supplants Mr. Lemoyne, but in most respects the Lyceum stock company remains the same that it has been for several seasons past. Mr. Sothern has several new pieces besides the one he will first present."

It was said last night that Miss Grace Kimball, who is to act the leading woman's part in Mr. Sothern's new play to be given on Tuesday night, was ill, and that her place would promably be taken by another actress in the company.

DWARFS FOR THE OLYMPIA.

A Troupe of Little People Who Sing, Dance

The Normannia brought to the city vesterday a company of dwarfs known as the Colibria troope, who are to appear on Sept. 7 at the Olympia. There are ten of them, and a more diminutive lot never came to act in a New York theatre. These small people include among and an Admiral, although their titles will probably not be found in the Almanach de Gotha or any similar catalogue of celebrities, In age they range from eighteen to twenty-eight. Most of them have acted together in Europe for nearly nine years, and they are in In age they range from eighteen to twentyeight. Most of them have acted together in
Europe for nearly nine years, and they are in
nationality Hungarian, Italian, and Austrian.
There are three women and seven men, and
among the women are one widow and one young
woman, Mile, Isabella, who is engaged to a
member of the company named Signor Piccelimini. "Prince" Endree, the smallest member of the company, is twenty-four inches high,
and the taliest, also a prince, specifically
Nicolai, is thirty-eight inches high. One of the
stories of Prince Nicolai's childhood is that he
usually slept in a cigar box, and when his
mother went out was carried along in her fur
muiff. He was born in Malia, where his father
is still the proprietor of a sawmill. Mme. Dadol
is the widow of the party and the dressmaker
as well, and she designs the costumes made by
the women of the troupe. The liliputian actors
dance and sing, walk the tight rope and wrestic,
and perform with three elephants and the
pronies.

The company has been well known for some
years in Europe, and the members have acted
in all the continental countries from Spain to
Hussia. All of thum are the children of ablebodied, normal paretus, and the troupe measures less in the aggregate than any other company of the same number of dwarfs in the
world. Another importation for Olympia on
the Normannia was the aerial ballet of nine
dancers, who pirouette in the air.

COMPOSITE YACHT CLUB FLAG. Shown Last Night at the Casino in Honor

of the Yachtsmen Present. The composite yacht club pennant assembled by Capt, James C. Summers, editor of Yachting, and shown first at the World's Fair, was hung last night over the celling of the Casino, where

a performance of "In Gay New York," attended resumably by yachtsmen, was given for their special benefit. It includes the pennants of every well-known yacht club in this country, and is 54 feet in length and 30 feet holst. It has been exhib-ited at most of the chief gatherings of yachts-men in this country, and is regarded as a re-markably complete collection of American yachting insignia.

Ten **Sweet** Caporal Little Cigars

for 5 cts.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.

Here's the letter of a reputable business man who has been

HAY FEVER **EXILES**

for fourteen years. Why do you sniffle and sneeze when BOOTH'S "HYOMEI," at the cost of \$1.00, will cure you?

N. E. COR. 18T AND R STS., N. W., WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 24, 1896. Dear Sir:

I wish to add my testimental in regard to your HYOMEI for the relief it has given me in Hay Fever. I have had it fourteen years, coming on every 15th or 20th of August and lasting till frost came. Tried the mountains and seashore and every known remedy atvertised, but never found anything like your HYONEI togive immediate relief. Hay Fever patients would pay five doilars as quickly as one dollar for a good remedy. You have it undoubtedly, and I will tell all my Hay Fever friends here and toose I met at Oakland, Md., where I used to go to escape it, what a really good remedy it is. Yours respectfully.

A. R. EICHHORN (Druggist).

CURES BY

BOOTH'S HYOMEI'= THE AUS-TRALIAN DRY-AIR TREATMENT is the only rational method of treating dis-eases of the respiratory organs such as Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis or a common

old. Any druggist can supply you at once or Any druggist can supply you at once or order it for you if you insist. Mr. Booth and his assistants will be glad to talk with the afflicted, or will send Booth's "Hyomei" Pocket Inhaler Outilt complete by mail for \$1.00. Send for free pamphlet.

R.T.BOOTH, 23 EAST 20TH ST.,

SUICIDE WITH PARIS GREEN. Wicker Concluded to Die When His Wife

Stopped Supporting Him. Andrew Wieker was found dead in bed at his ascineut home at 603 East 152d street yesterday morning. He had committed suicide during the night by poisoning himself with Paris green. He had taken the poison from a beer mug and dropped the mug in the sink. He forgot to turn the water off, and the room in which he lay was flooded by the overflow from the

sink. The dead man was 47 years old, and his wife Lena had supported him for ten years. They were married twenty-three years ago in Germany, where Wicker was a farm laborer. He earned but little in excess of his board, and was paid only once a year. His wife, who was a servant, finally concluded she could make servant, finally concluded she could make money faster in America. She came here fifteen years ago, and it took her five years to earn money enough to pay her husband's passage over. When she finally accomplished the task she sent for him, and was delighted at the prospect of having her husband's aid in supporting the family. In this she was disappointed. Wieker settled down to a life of case at his wife's expense. When remonstrated with he said:

"I am a farmer: you brought me to New York. There are no farms in the city. What would you have me do?"

His wife finally got tired of supporting him and supplying him with money for beer, and The couple had thirteen children, but

Who Was the Health Board Doctor Who Left Mrs. White to Die !

James White, a tin moulder, hired a room for simself and his wife Catherine on the top floor of the big double flat at 25 Market street last Saturday. White said that he worked in Jamaica, L. L. and his companion told the housekeeper that she was employed in a restaurant on Broadway. White and his wife dwelt to-gether peaceably for three days, and then on Tuesday, on his return from work, they had a quarrel, and he left the building and didn't return. Mrs. White complained to the house-keeper that she didn't like work at the restau-rant, but didn't say anything about the disput-

she left the house just before noon yesterday and posted a letter which, it is believed, was addressed to White. She undressed on her return and lay down on a bed. A little later the housekeeper was summoned by her calls. She housekeeper was summoned by her calls. She begged that the housekeeper would send for a priest and said that she was gring to die. Mrs. Marks, the housekeeper, found a doctor, who said that he was investigating the building for the board of Health, and brought him to Mrs. White. The doctor the housekeeper. Mrs. White. The doctor, the housekeeper says, looked at the sick woman, asked her a question or two, and then hurried down stairs and disappeared in the crowded street. An ambulance was summoned, but Mrs. White died before its arrival. arrival.

She had taken a quantity of carbolic acid. The ambulance surgeon said that had medical attendance been promotly summoned her life could have been saved. Her body was removed to the Morgue.

TWO SUICIDES NEAR ALBANY.

Farmer Schultz and a Vermont Business Man End Their Lives by Browning. ALBANY, Aug. 28.-The body of Frederick Schultz was found in the Normanskill Creek, eleven miles from this city, yesterday afternoon with a bullet wound in his head, a handkerchief tied tightly about his neck, and a twenty-pound sione tied to his body. Schultz was a farmer and disappeared on Monday. His body was found in shallow water by his son Charles Some thought that the old man was murdered, but the Coroner believes that he committee

but the Coroner believes that he committed suicide.

While on the Wyanaoskill, near Albia, on Wednesday night John Girvin of this city discovered the body of a man. It was towed ashore and later identified as the remains of Heary J. Peck of Fairhaven, Vt. Peck was happly married and presperous in business, lie was the son of a wealthy farmer, and the reasons f r his suicide are unknown. He left home three days ago without revealing his destination. Coroners Thompson and Rogers found a bullet wound in the back of the head, but the bullet had not plerced the skuil. It is believed that Peck first attempted to take his life by shooting.

A YOUNG PHYSICIAN'S BUICIDE.

Dr. Argyle Mackey Shoots Himself in a Medical College in Baltimore. BALTIMORE, Aug. 28.-Dr. Argyle Mackey, the young Washington physician who shot himself in the breast on Wednesday in the City Hospital, died this morning from his wound. He entered the office of the College of Physicians and Surgeons on Wednesday, and, after a few minutes' conversation with persons in the office, drew a pistol from his pocket, placed the muzzle against his left breast, and pulled the trigger. The builet entered his breast just over the heart and lodged in his back.

According to the contents of a letter written in a feminine hand and found in Dr. Mackey's cost pocket, and according to his statement made to Dr. Edwin Geer of the college staff of physicians, his attempt at self-destruction was due to love, liquor, and morphine.

REESE WANTS 10 DIE. A Jersey Farm Hund Has Made Three Attempts Within Pive Days.

WOODBRIDGE, Aug. 28.-John Reese, a farm hand who has been idle and unable to find work, has made three attempts to take his life within five days. After an unsuccessful search for work Reese tried to drown himself in a creek at Webers, but after swallowing a lot of

creek at Webers, but after swallowing a lot of salt water changed his mind. He was arrested, but discharged, and on the same night went home and tried to hang himself in the barn, but was found by his wife just as he was adjusting the moore, hast hight while his wife was away, he sat on the edge of a bed and cut his throat with a razor, but is not dead yet.

When a physician tried to dress the wound he fought so hard that it took five men to hold him. The doctor says he will not recover.

A n.an whose body was subsequently identi fied at the Morgue by two women, who refused to give their names, as that of Felix Hearder, an Austrian, was found dead on Peacock lawn, near neventy-night street, in Central Park yes-terday. He had evidently shor himself in the head with the revolver that lay beside him.

DEMANDED MONEY IN A NOTE.

C. P. Noyes and Family Get a Scare at Their Summer Home.

BRIDGEPORT, Aug. 28.—Cloverhurst farm, Turnbuil, is owned by C. P. Noyes of New York. a member of the Stock Exchange. In the sum-mer months it is occupied by Mr. Noyes and family, and by Mr. Wentworth, his father-inaw and his family. Yesterday afternoon a small boy rapped at the front door and handed in a note for Mr. Wentworth. Then he disappeared. This is what the note contained in badly con-

structed chirography: "Your house is surrounded by a body of wellarmed and experienced men. You are being watched, and will be shot if you give an alarm

watched, and will be shot if you give an alarm or make any attempt to call the farm hands. Come down to the summer house at the end of the park and hand to the man in waiting \$50. If you do not have we will go away and will not do you any harm. If you do not do it, we will raid the place and burn the barns. We have fast horses and can be away with the wind."

The note caused the biggest kind of an excitement in the house. The women were frightened, and their fright grew to actual terror when they remembered that there had been some burglaries in the town within the past two weeks. Mr. Noyes rushed out to meet the man in the summer house, but instead at \$50 he had a couple of loaded revolvers. There was no man awalting, so Mr. Noyes fred several shots in the air to give vent to his wrath and indignation. Now the villagers are wondering who sent the note. Was it really a band of armed men or some lad who has been reading dimenovel literature? The scare caused Mr. Noyes to buy six riftes. The family now feel safer behind that armory.

AN OPERATOR DAZED.

A Demented Woman Offers Him \$100 to

"Would you like to earn \$100 by sending a message?" said an elderly woman to Joseph Oschwald, the telegraph operator in the office at the corner of Broad and Market streets. Newark, yesterday morning. The operator caught his breath and assented. "I'll give you \$100 if you will send a mes-

"Til give you \$100 if you will send a mesiage to a bank in Washington."

The op-rator inquired the name of the
bank, but the voman couldn't remember it.
She said she would find out what it was and
return in a few mitutes. She went, and Oschwald had several feverish moments, fearing
that she would go into the telegrah office next
loor and give the big fee to John Cogain, who
runs the opposition telegraph office. But she
returned to Oschwald's office and began to
tak in a rambling way of baving over a million dollars in the bank, but she didn't want
her sons to know it, because they wouldn't
work any more. As she rambled on Osahwald saw that she was demented, and Officer Loftus took her to Police Headquarters
for safekeeping.

It was learned that she was Mrs. Freder-

for safekeeping.

It was learned that she was Mrs. Fredericka Masserh of 110 Moore street, Brooklya, Notice was sent to that address, and she was held ut. if some of her friends came to take charge of her.

A PACER DASHES INTO A CROWD.

Several Persons Injured by a Runaway RUSHVILLE, Ind., Aug. 28.-During the last half of the 2:50 pacing race at the fair grounds yesterday afternoon while the horses were coming into the stretch at a terrific pace Mamie Woods's sulky collided with that of Czarettea. Vonphul, the driver of the former, was thrown

Vonphul, the driver of the former, was thrown some distance. The others dashed over him and Maple, the driver of Mamle Woods, fell from his seat. The horse dashed into a crowd of 2,000 people at a fearful pace, trampling under foot men, women, and children.

Those most seriously injured are: Mrs. Thomae, bruised, condition critical; George B. Vonphul, Greensburg, two ribs broken and shoulder dislocated: Mrs. Frank Windle, cut about head; McClelland Maple, back injured; Miss Bertie King, prostration from fright, will probably die; Mrs. George F. Moore, badly bruised; two children trampled under the horse's lect. horse's leet

INCIDENTS OF THE CEAR'S FISIT. Emperor Francis Joseph and Austrian.

VIENNA, Aug. 28.-Emperor Francis Joseph o-day held a conference lasting half an hour with Prince Lobanoff-Rostovsky, the Russian Foreign Minister, who accompanies the Czar Foreign Minister, who accompanies the Czar and Czarina on their foreign tour. After the conference Count Goluchowski, the Austrian Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Prince Loban-off-Kostovsky were closeted together for a long time, and they were joined later by Count Podstatzky-Lichtenstein, the representative of the order of St. Jean de Jerusalem, and Count Kappist, the Russian Ambassador. At the conclusion of this conference Count Goluchowski and Count February Count Foliation of the Country February Country Cou visited Count Eulenburg, the German Amba-

DR. GALLAGHER OUT OF PRISON. It Is Thought that He Will Be Brought Here on the bt. Paul.

LONDON, Aug. 28. Doctor Gallagher, the LONDON, Aug. CN. Doctor Changer, the Irish-American dynamiter, was released from Portland prison this morning. He was driven to the railway station under the escort of the principal warder of the prison. He looked pale and thin, and his hair was very gray. No one was allowed to speak to him. His destination is kept secret, but it is believed that he will be is kept secret, but it is believed that he will be "It was decided to have a temporary receiver and the interval of the secretary in the committee, and the secretary in the secretary receiver and the secretary receiver should not be appointed to the proposed reorganization. It is a secretary receiver should not be appointed to the proposed reorganization of an antagonistic to the proposed reorganization of the bank which is on foot through a committee of the proposed reorganization of the bank which is on foot through a committee of the proposed reorganization. It is the proposed reorganization of the bank which is on foot through a committee of reorganization.

I aware Marshaul of Guggenheimer, Untermyer of Marshaul of Guggenhe and thus, and his hair was very gray. No one was allowed to speak to him. His destination is kept secret, but it is believed that he will be closely guarded until he is put on board the American liner St. Paul at Southampton, to be taken to New York under the charge of Dr. McBride.

YACHT CUP OF IMPERIAL DESIGN. Emperor William to Present One for British Competition Next Year.

BERLIN, Aug. 28.- Emperor William has announced his intention of presenting a cup of his own design to be competed for by British yachts of forty-rating and upward in June next, upon the occasion of the celebration of the sixtieth anniversary of Queen Victoria's accession to the throne.

The course will be from Dover to Heligoland.

After the race his been sailed the competing
yachts will be towed through the Haltic and
North Sea Canal to Kiel, where claborate fetos
and a regatta will be held.

SHIPBUILDING MASTERS UNITE.

Employees Told That Govan Strikers Must Resume or Discharges Will Follow. GLASGOW, Ang 128. The English, Irish, and cotch shipbuilding masters have notified the Executive Committee of their employees that

unless the striking workmen at the Govan shipyards on the Clyde resume work prior to Saturday. Sept. 12, 25 per cent of the em-ployees will be discharged on that date and a like number on each of the three succeeding Saturdays. Brazil's Minister Said to Have Left Rome, LONDON, Aug. 28 .- It is reported here that the

gone to Paris in consequence of the strained re-lations between Italy and Brazil, which have resulted in the former Government sending an ultimatum to Rio Janeiro demanding prompt and complete satisfaction for the outrage com-mitted upon Italian subjects in Brazil, California Fruit Sells Lower in London. LONDON, Aug. 28 .- Five thousand half cases den Market to-day. The fruit was in good con-dition, but, owing to the great quantity of Eng-lish and French fruit in the market, the average of the prices realized was lower than at the sale last week. Peaches brought from 3s. to 9s., plums 2s. to 8s. 6d., and pears from 2s. to 3s. 6d.

Steamer Jersey City in Tow for Bublin. LONDON, Aug. 28.-The Bristol line steamer Jersey City, from Bristol, Aug. 12, for New York, previously reported as spoken on Aug. 22, with her propeller gone, passed Browhead at noon to-day. She was being towed by the steamer Lord Londonderry, from Haltimore Aug. 13 for Dublin.

Britain Wants Said Khalld Given Up. ZANZIBAR, Aug. 28 .- The British Consul has asked the German Consul to surrender Said Knalid, the usurper, who took refuge in the German Consulate yesterday after escaping from the palace during the bombardment.

Minister: Baron Ito, Secretary of the Cabinet, and Mr. Itagaki, Minister of the Interior, have Notes of Foreign Happenings.

YOROHAMA. Aug. 28.-Marquis Ito, the Prime

Japanese Ministers Resign.

The United States cruiser Minneapolis sailed from Southampton for Queenstown yesterday. There was a heavy fail of rain on Thursday night, continuing throughout yesterday, at Vienna, and the review of the troops in honor of the Car was a handling. of the Czar was abandoned.

Confiscated Schooner Not to Be Sold. HALIEAN, Aug. 28. -It is settled that the con fiscated Gloucester achooner Frederick Geer



FALL STYLES

will be introduced on

Tuesday, Sept. 1st

at our own stores and authorized agents throughout the United States.

LOCAL BUSINESS TROUBLES.

F. G. & I. N. Van Vilet, Maltaters, Assign-Receiver for Erastus Wiman.

F. G. & I. N. Van Vliet, multsters, of 403 Produce Exchange building, made an assignment yesterday, without preference, to Lucas L. Van Allen. The partners are Frederick G. and Isanc N. Van Vliet. The business has been established since 1861. They had a large trade. Their malt house is at Newark. The senior partner said yesterday that the assignment was due to the embarrassment of the Springfield Brewing Company, whose brewery is at Springfield, Mass., for which ex-Senator Michael T. Barrets of Newark was appointed receiver on Thursday by Chancellor McGill, it being a New Jersey corporation. Mr. Van Vliet said that the receiver was appointed to protect the creditors of the company. He could not tell how much the company owes, but declared that all the creditors would be paid in full, as the company's

company owes, but declared that all the creditors would be paid in full, as the company's plant is a valuable one. The liabilities of F. G. & I. N. Van Vliet, he said, would probably be about \$300,000, and he could give no idea of the value of the assets until an inventory was made. They were largely interested in the Springfield Brewing Company.

S. P. Hyman & Co., silk commission merchants at 30 Mercer street, have, on account of the failure of S. Mans & Co., hosiery importers, in which firm they were partners up to Jan. 1, found it necessary to suspend business for the present, and in order to secure their own creditors have transferred all their stock and outstanding accounts to them.

The Sheriff yeaterday received an attachment against Raphael Eder and Aunte Berrer, doing business as Eder & Co., manufacturers of caps at 125 Wooster street, from Abraham Levy, for \$1,924, the amount due on notes hold by Henry Waitner & Bro. When;a dejuty sheriff went to the factory to serve the attachment, great excitement ensued among the thirty operators, who clamored for their wages. A policeman was called in to stop the disturbance and nut out the employees. The place was then closed up by the Sheriff.

Alter Gottlieb, dealer in jewelry at 336 East Houston street, made an assignment yesterday, giving preferences for \$2,500 and to the children of Samuel Elias, deceased, \$500. Liabilities, \$25,000; assets, \$10,000.

Justice Beach yesterday appointed De Witt V. D. Reiley receiver in supplementary proceedings for Erastus Wiman on the application of Sudd Doble, who obtained a judgment against Mr. Wiman for \$9,768 last March. Mr. Wiman testified in his examination that he is entirely without means to pay this or any other debt, but that he would glady pay it he had the means, as it is a just debt incurred in an outside venture to help a friend.

William W. Ladd, Jr., has been appointed receiver in supplementary proceedings for Herman D. Nessier of 66 Broad street, who is in the wealth and the means and the proceedings for Her

William W. Ladd, Jr., has been appointed re-ceiver in supplementary proceedings for Her-man D. Nessler of 66 Broad street, who is in the wholesale liquor business selling on commission. He has claims against the Helle of Nelson Dis-tillery Company at Louisville, but has assigned them to the Southern National Bank of Louis-ville. One of the claims is for \$15,000 cash loaned to the company. Mr. Nessler declared that he lent the company \$15,000 on forged war-house receipts, and claims on judgments of the First National Bank of Louisville against him.

RECEIVER FOR MURRAY HILL.

Movement for the Appointment of One Pending the Bank's Reorganization. A majority of the directors of the suspended Murray Hill Bank, obtained through Lawyer James MacGregor Smith yesterday from Justice Beach of the Supreme Court, an order requiring all persons interested in the bank to show cause next Tuesday why a temporary re-

to do so at present. Owing to the condition of the market and to recent failures money of the bank may be lost if not collected and some notes due the bank have been protested, all of which a receiver could look after. "Nearly one-naif of the depositors have signed the acreement for the proposed reorganization. If sufficient signatures are secured to the agree-ment the bank may be able to resume business in about a month." New Hampshire Savings Bank Closed.

NASHUA, N. H., Aug. 28.-Judge Pike yesterday afternoon granted a temporary injunction closing the Wilton Savings Bank, at Wilton. This action was taken after a long conference between Pank Commissioner Hatch and the between Bank Commissioner Hatch and the bank officers. The bank's last statement showed \$160,21d in deposits. There had been a falling off in deposits yearly for five years, and practi-cally no deposits of late. Of \$173,417 #ssets, \$138,773 was outside of New England, princi-pally in Western mortgages. W. E. Proctor is the bank's Fresident. The indications are that the bank will not be reopened.

CHICAGO, Aug. 28 .- The Baker & Smith Company, manufacturers of steam and hot water apparatus, at 153 Van Buren street, closed its apparatus, at 153 van furen street, closed its
doors yesterday as the result of the filing of a
confession of judgment in the Circuit Court
with the firm as defendants. Simultaneously
an execution for \$33,725,20 was served.

Prooks Brothers, a large wholesale boot and
shee itm, made an assignment late this afternoon. Liabilities \$40,000 and assets \$45,000.
The firm is composed of W. C. and J. H. Brooks.
The cause of the failure is at present unknown.

Browery in the Hands of a Receiver. SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Aug. 28.-A receiver was o-day placed in charge of the Springfield Brewing Company, one of the largest concerns of the

kind in New England. The heaviest creditors are New York grain dealers and bankers. The receiver is ex-Senator M. T. Barrett of Newark, N. J. The principal creditor is the firm of F. G. & I. M. Van Vicet, maisters, of New York. 300 Workmen to He Laid Of. ALBANY, Aug. 28.-About 300 men employed by the new capitol construction commission will be laid off to-morrow on account of a lack of funds to longer carry the heavy force of 600 odd workingmen.

Toronto Carpet Dealers Assign.

TORONTO, Out., Aug. 28. Foster & Pender, wholesale and rotall carpet dealers and house furnishers, have assigned, with liabilities of \$57,000 and assets nominally \$75,000. During a quarrel yesterday between Amalie Angelo, 27 years old, and Frank Grenallo, aged 30, in the Italian tenement at 153 Twenty-first

street, Brooklyn, the former struck Grenallo on the head with a hoe, fracturing his skull. Gre-nallo was taken to the Seney Hospital, and o-regaining consciousness last night refused to state what the ouarrel was about. His assall-ant, who was locked up in the Fifth avenus police station, was equally reticent.

The thermometer at the United States Weather Bu reau registered the temperature yesterday as follows 9 A. M. 61° 75° 6 P. M. 71° 81° 12 M. 61° 75° 6 P. M. 61° 71° 81° 12 M. 61° 72° 80° 12 Midnight 67° 76°

WASHINGTON FORMMAT FOR BATURDAY.
For New England, eastern New York, castern Fron givanis. New Jersey, and Dilaware, fair weather; 1961 northwesterly winds becoming variable; slight changes in temperature.

PRICKLY heat cured by hermatol with the cured by hermatol and the cured by hermatol and the cured by hermatol and the cured by hermatol book. It is absolutely pure.